LESSON THREE: WHY DON'T THE GENEALOGIES MATCH? (PART TWO—LUKE 3:23-38)

1.	What did Luke say about his Gospel account in Luke 1:1-4?
2.	Was Luke certain of the names and order in the genealogy he listed?
3.	Who does Luke's genealogy appear to go through after Jesus?
4.	Why does this pose a problem?
5.	What are some of the differences between Luke and Matthew's genealogies of Jesus?
6.	If Luke's genealogy is Joseph's line, what does that say about Jesus' claim to be king?
7.	Is it likely that Luke and Matthew would give a genealogy with the same people, but
	never use the same name for most of them (i.e., Matthew calls each person by one
	name, and Luke calls each one by another name)?
8.	What are the two main sections of Luke's genealogy that pose the difficulties?
	After Joseph, who is the next person who appears in both genealogies?
10.	Of the six difficulties we mentioned in class, which is the most troubling to you and
	why?
11.	Which of the six do you find to be the least noteworthy or easy to explain, and why?
12.	What is the problem with the suggestion that Matthew gives the royal line and Luke
	gives the priestly line?

13.	Does the Bible ever call someone "the son of" an adopted parent? Who?
14.	Is it <i>possible</i> to understand Luke's genealogy as including adoptive parents?
15.	Which two people would have to be adopted in the genealogy for it to make sense?
16.	What is the main objection to Luke's genealogy tracing Jesus' lineage through Mary?
17.	Does the idea that this is Mary's genealogical history remove the difficulties that arise
10	from the differences in Luke and Matthew's lists?
10.	Do you think the first attempt (rearranging the parentheses in Luke 3:23) is a good way to prove Luke is tracing Jesus' line through Mary? Why or why not?
19.	Do you think the second attempt (Joseph is called "son of" because he is the son <i>in-law</i>) is a good way to prove Luke is tracing Jesus' line through Mary? Why or why not?
20.	What are some possible purposes for Luke giving his genealogy?
21.	After Zerubbabel and Shealtiel, who is the next person we know anything about?
22.	The Israelites are called <i>Hebrews</i> because of which ancestor of Jesus?
23.	Name one interesting thing about Shem
24.	How did God describe Noah in Genesis 6:9?
25.	What does Methuselah mean?
26.	Who were the four righteous individuals whose earthly end was orchestrated and
	carried out by God?
27.	Opinion: Adam—righteous or not?
28.	Who is at the head of the entire genealogy?